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# Hadronic Rescattering in Pythia

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### Outline

#### Introduction

The rescattering framework

Results for pp collisions

Preliminary results for AA collisions

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# Heavy ion research in Lund

Several projects in Lund are trying to explore heavy ion physics without a QGP, to see how well other effects can explain experimental data.

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- Rescattering is one such effect. Other effects include string shoving and rope formation.

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# Heavy ion research in Lund

- Several projects in Lund are trying to explore heavy ion physics without a QGP, to see how well other effects can explain experimental data.
- Rescattering is one such effect. Other effects include string shoving and rope formation.
- The rescattering framework was released in PYTHIA 8.303, and we are now working on integrating with Angantyr.

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# Why rescattering in Pythia?

Other frameworks for hadronic transport already exist (UrQMD, SMASH, ...), so why implement rescattering in PYTHIA?

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 Our framework is fully integrated and is trivial to interface with other parts of PYTHIA

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- Our framework is fully integrated and is trivial to interface with other parts of PYTHIA
- $\blacktriangleright$  Leverages other features of  $\operatorname{Pythia}$  , such as the event record
- Some new physics features, such as interactions involving charm and bottom, and open for further extensions

Introduction

The rescattering framework Results for pp collisions Preliminary results for AA collisions

# The Lund string model

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#### The Lund string model



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#### Spacetime picture of the Lund string model



String tension  $\kappa \sim 1 \text{ GeV/fm}$ 

(Ferreres-Solé & Sjöstrand, arXiv:1808.04619)

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# Rescattering overview



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# Rescattering overview



# Rescattering overview



# Rescattering overview



# The collision criterion

The probability of an interaction depends on the cross section  $\boldsymbol{\sigma}$  and the impact parameter  $\boldsymbol{b}$ 



The characteristic range of the interaction is  $b_{\rm crit} = \sqrt{\sigma/\pi}$ The cross section  $\sigma$  depends on the particle types and the center-of-mass energy.

#### Low-energy interactions



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#### Cross sections



parameterization

(DOI: 10.1103/PhysRevD.98.030001)



Based on UrQMD (arXiv:nucl-th/9803035) and CERN/HERA parameterization (DOI 10.1103/PhysRevD.50.1173)

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# Cross sections



Based on work by Pelaez, Rodas, Ruiz de Elvira et al. (arXiv:1102.2183, arXiv:1907.13162, arXiv:1602.08404)

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# Tuning

In our framework, we consider rescattering between only two particles at a time. This means that we can have two-to-many interactions, but not many-to-two. Therefore, rescattering increases charged multiplicity.

To compensate for this, we set MultipartonInteractions:pTORef = 2.345 when doing our analyses (default is 2.28).

We have verified that this is not responsible for the results I am about to discuss.

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### Rescattering rates



### Rescattering rates

Mean number of interactions per nondiffractive event at 13 TeV

incoming	rate	incoming	rate			
$\pi + \pi$	12.63	K + N	0.39	]		
$\pi + \rho$	4.59	$\rho + \rho$	0.38			
$\pi + K$	3.84	$\rho + N$	0.36			
$\pi + N$	3.44	$\rho + \omega/\phi$	0.34		process	rate
$\pi + \omega/\phi$	2.08	$ ho + \eta/\eta'$	0.30		resonant	17.80
$\pi + \eta/\eta'$	1.80	$\pi + f_0(500)$	0.29		elastic	14.08
$\pi + \mathbf{K}^*$	1.33	$K + \omega/\phi$	0.27		nondiffractive	6.92
$\pi + \Delta$	1.10	K + K	0.26		annihilation	0.49
$\rho + K$	0.54	$\pi + \Lambda$	0.25		diffractive	0.05
$\pi + \Sigma$	0.46	Other	3.70			
N + N	0.46					
$K + K^*$	0.41	Total	39.22			୬୧୯ 1/

Marius Utheim, Torbjörn Sjöstrand

Hadronic Rescattering in Pythia

#### Rescattering invariant mass



#### $p_{\perp}$ spectra



(Data from ALICE, arXiv:1504.00024)

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# Mean $p_{\perp}$



(Data from ALICE, arXiv:1504.00024, arXiv:1406.3206)

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#### $\eta$ spectra



(Data from ATLAS, arXiv:1606.01133, arXiv:1602.01633)

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#### Flow

We introduced an artificially strong anisotropy in the x-direction to see if rescattering can produce flow



Under more realistic conditions, we saw no clear signs of flow

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#### Flow

We introduced an artificially strong anisotropy in the x-direction to see if rescattering can produce flow



Under more realistic conditions, we saw no clear signs of flow  $\Rightarrow$  Rescattering can cause flow in principle, but is not the main source of flow in pp collisions!

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# Angantyr



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#### Rescattering rates



PbPb events at 3.140 TeV, simple fit  $\propto n^{1.4}$ 

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### Generation time



### Rescattering rates

process	rate	fraction	
resonant	17.80	45.2 %	
elastic	14.08	35.8 %	
nondiff.	6.92	17.6 %	
ann.	0.49	1.2 %	
diff.	0.05	0.1 %	
Total	39.34		

Nondiffractive pp at 13 TeV

process	rate	fraction	
resonant	8351.9	51.7 %	
elastic	5721.2	35.4 %	
nondiff.	1999.1	12.4 %	
ann.	71.3	0.4 %	
diff.	15.2	0.1 %	
Total	16158.8		

PbPb at 3.140 TeV

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### Rescattering rates



Nondiffractive pp at 13 TeV



PbPb at 3.140 TeV

# pT spectra



# pT spectra



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#### Longitudinal production time



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# Outlook

We have started doing analyses in Angantyr. One of the next things we want to look at is flow.

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- We have started doing analyses in Angantyr. One of the next things we want to look at is flow.
- The future of Angantyr will also involve shoving, ropes, and other effects.

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# Outlook

- We have started doing analyses in Angantyr. One of the next things we want to look at is flow.
- The future of Angantyr will also involve shoving, ropes, and other effects.
- When these individual components are done, we will start putting it all together.

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